# AAI Resource Registry Guide

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AAI web page: <a href="http://www.switch.ch/">http://www.switch.ch/</a> Contact: <a href="mailto:aai@switch.ch/">aai@switch.ch/</a>

This guide is aimed at users of the SWITCH Resource Registry and is intended to serve as a complimentary source of information to explanations and examples that are already integrated into the Resource Registry. It explains the most important aspects and processes to create, maintain and administrate Home Organization and Resource Descriptions.

Note: The screenshots in this guide may not reflect the actual interface because the Resource Registry is constantly extended and developed further.

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# 1. Description of the Resource Registry

The Resource Registry is a web-based tool developed by SWITCH to manage information about Resources and Home Organizations participating in the SWITCHaai and AAI Test federations, which are operated by SWITCH. Since 2011 the Resource Registry is also capable of handling interfederated Resources and Home Organisations.

The intended users of the Resource Registry are Resource and Home Organization administrators.

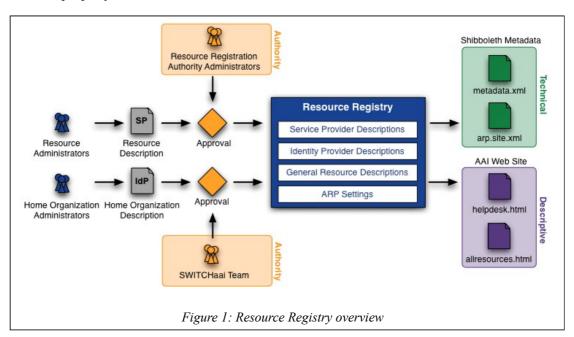
The Resource Registry's main purpose and features are (see Figure 1):

### · Attribute requirements declaration

Resource administrators specify the required attributes to provide for accessing the resource. In addition, desired attributes can be listed too. Desired attributes should provide additional benefit to justify their use. The data protection principle counts: Process only data which is really necessary!

#### · Intended audience declaration

Resource administrators can also specify from which Home Organizations it will accept users. For example, a Resource is only of interest to medical students. Then, there is no point in adding that Resource to the metadata of the universities not offering medical studies at all. However, it is still the duty of the Resource to configure its authorization rules properly!



#### Federation Members can control resources within their organization domain

Each Resource needs to get approved before its entry gets activated in the Resource Registry. Each Federation Member approves Resources from its own domain and from the Federation Partners it sponsors. It delegates this control to one or more people who act as Resource Registration Authority administrators for the Federation Member. They are alerted by e-Mail, whenever approval is required for changes made to Resource Description in the Resource Registry.

#### Supported attributes declaration

Not all of the attributes specified for SWITCHaai are mandatory to implement. The Identity Providers can document within their Resource Registry entry which ones are

implemented and potentially available to Resources.

### · Generate federation metadata

Based on the information collected, the crucial federation metadata files for the Identity Providers as well as Service Providers can be generated. Each Identity Provider needs to know all potential Service Providers with whom it should communicate and vice versa.

#### • Generate attribute release policy/filters

Each Identity Provider has to maintain the Attribute Release Policy (ARP) configuration. The Resource Registry provides them tailored templates for the ARP and in some cases notifies the Identity Provider administrators in case of changes.

### · Generate configuration files

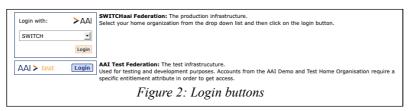
The Resource Registry can generate some configuration files for Service Providers and Identity Providers using information contained in its database.

### Generate federation information and help pages

Because the Resource Registry is also used to manage the attributes, attribute usage and requirement as well as contact information for all Resources and Home Organizations, it also can be used to generate various statistics and lists about to the federation.

# 2.Login

The Resource Registry is accessible via <a href="https://rr.aai.switch.ch/">https://rr.aai.switch.ch/</a> and requires an account in SWITCHaai or AAI Test. The start page contains a short description of the Resource Registry and two ways to log in. One can either log in using an account of a Home Organisation in the SWITCHaai Federation or the AAI Test Federation.



The Resource Registry also supports assurance levels, which can be used to ensure better authentication security.

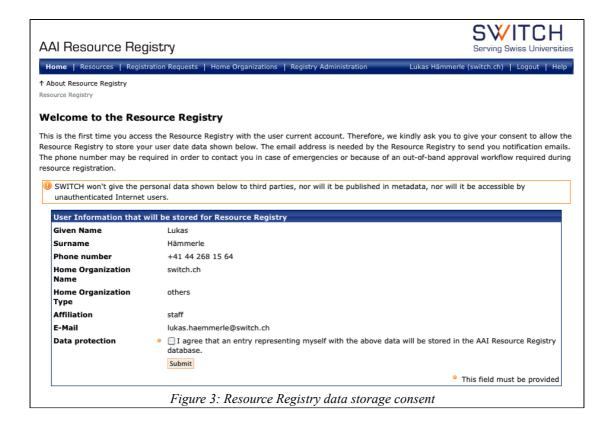
After authentication at a Home Organization one is redirected back to the Resource Registry. Provided the Resource Registry receives all the required attributes from the Home Organization, login is successful. The Resource Registry needs the following attributes:

- Given Name (required)
- Surname (required)
- E-Mail Address (required)
- Unique ID (swissEduPersonUniqueID or eduPersonPrincipalName) (required)
- Targeted ID (optional)
- Business telephone number (optional)
- Mobile number (optional, for two-factor authentication)
- Home Organization Name (required)
- Home Organization Type (optional)

**Note:** When somebody is logged in via the AAI Test Federation he cannot modify Resource Descriptions or Home Organization Descriptions of the production SWITCHaai Federation. This is due to security considerations. The opposite way, editing AAI Test Resource

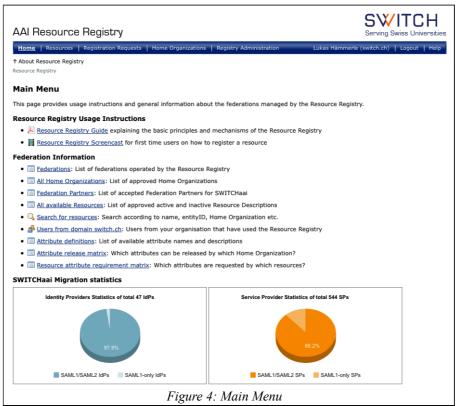
Descriptions with a SWITCHaai account is possible however.

When a user logs in the first time, a data storage consent screen (see Figure 3) has to be accepted first. In order to send notification e-Mails at least given name, surname and e-Mail address have to be stored in the Resource Registry database. The phone number is used in cases where an administrator needs to ask or confirm some data (e.g. fingerprint of a self-signed certificate) over the phone.



**Note:** In case you just have set up a Home Organization but it is not yet registered in the Resource Registry, read the section 'Home Organization Administrator' on how to register a Home Organization for the first time.

# 3. Administration Interface



After successful authentication, ones sees the main menu of the Resource Registry. Depending on the privileges and roles (see Chapter 4), there are between two and five different links in the navigation bar. They reflect the administration and access rights a user has

**Note:** To log out of the Resource Registry (and all other AAI-enabled applications), the easiest and safest way is to just close the web browser. This will destroy all sessions that you may have for the Resource Registry, the WAYF and your Identity Provider. However, there also is a logout link at the bottom of the page that will destroy the Shibboleth session as well as the Resource Registry session of the currently logged in user. However, other sessions like the one at the Identity Provider where the user was authenticated won't be affected.

Figure 5 shows the 'General Information' section that provides various lists, search forms as well as matrixes that describe the federations managed by the Resource Registry. All users of the Resource Registry have access to this section.

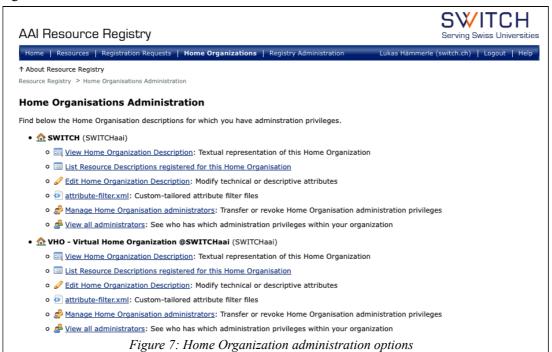
Figure 5 shows the 'Resource Administration' options. If a user has no administration privileges for any Resource Descriptions he can only add new Resource Descriptions. Otherwise, a user will see links to manage all his approved Resource Descriptions.



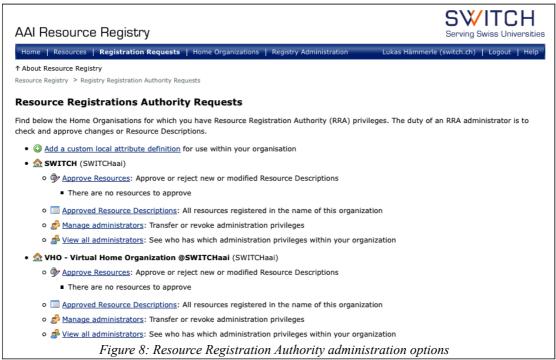
When you have registered a resource and if it was approved by a Resource Registration Authority (RRA) administrator (see Chapter 4) of your Home Organization, the Resource Administration section looks like in Figure 6.



For Home Organization administrators, the corresponding administration options look like in Figure 7.



The options for a Resource Registration Authority administrator look like in Figure 8.



**Note:**\_You may not see all of the above administration options because you may not have the required roles to see them.

### 4.Roles

Every user in the Resource Registry can have one or more roles with additional administration privileges. These are:

- Resource administrator (of a Resource)
  Registers and manages one or more Resource Descriptions. See Chapter 4.1.
- Home Organization administrator (of a Home Organisation)
   At least one person per Home Organization. Manages Home Organization Description and attribute release settings. See Chapter 4.2.
- Resource Registration Authority administrator (of a Home Organisation)
   At least one person per Home Organization. Approves or rejects new or modified Resource Descriptions. See Chapter 4.3.
- Resource Registry Operator (for everyting)
   Can view, edit and delete any entry. May require two-factor authentication. This role is reserved for operators of the Resource Registry.

When a user logs in for the first time he has none of the above roles assigned unless he was invited by another administrator. All administrator roles can be transferred to any other user with an AAI account. E.g. the administrator of Home Organization X could make any other user with an AAI account an administrator of X. Vice versa any Home Organization administrator can revoke rights for users of the same the Home Organization he has the rights for.

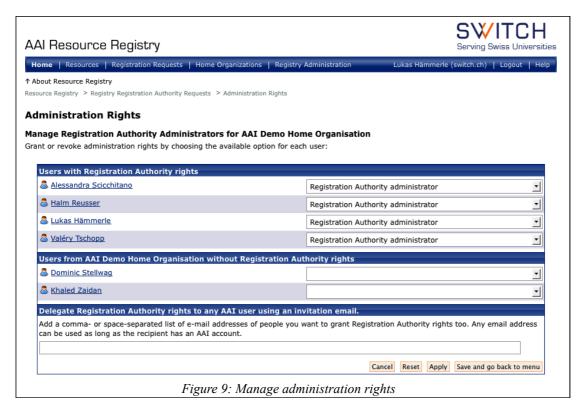


Figure 9 illustrates how to grant or revoke Resource Registration Authority rights to or from other users. Users can be invited by manually entering their e-Mail addresses in the text area at the bottom of the page. The invited users receive an e-Mail containing an invitation link that will grant them the administration rights that were bound to this invitation.

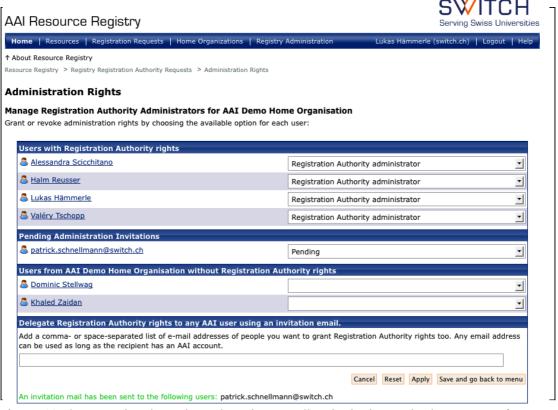


Figure 10 shows a situation where there is a pending invitation and where a user from a

different Home Organization also has administration privileges. As can be seen, invitations can also be revoked from an invited user.

In the following chapters the three above-mentioned administrator roles are illustrated in greater detail.

### 4.1.Resource Administrator

Unless you were invited as a Resource administrator, you find the Resource administrator options empty as shown in Figure 5. So, the only option will be to add a Resource Description. Clicking the link 'Add a Resource Description' one sees a page like in Figure 11.



As can be seen in Figure 11, the Resource Description contains several sections, each of them should but not all of them have to be completed, and some of them won't require more input because of reasonable default values. When all sections are marked green, the Resource Description can be submitted for approval.

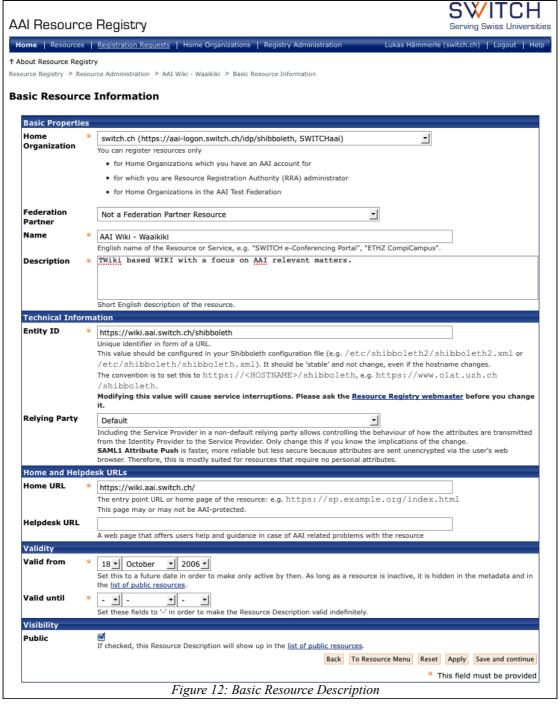
**Note:** In case you already have an installed and configured Shibboleth 2.0 Service Provider, you can use the Shibboleth 2.0 wizard that completes many of the required sections by using the Service Provider's self-generated Metadata. In order to use the wizard, you will have to provide the URL to the Service Provider's Metadata handler URL. Alternatively, you can

also provide metadata directly in case the Service Provider is not (yet) reachable via the network.

### **Basic Resource Information**

The Basic Resource Information section is for providing the most essential details of the Resource Description. You must complete this section first before you can continue further, which is why they are grayed out beforehand.

In Figure 12 you see an example of this section:



First you have to decide for which federation and for which Home Organization you register a Resource. You can only register Resources for Home Organizations that you have an

account for or for which your are Resource Registration Administrator of or for AAI Test Home Organizations.

If you are testing something related to AAI and if no real users are involved, choose a Home Organization from the AAI Test Federation if possible.

The entityID (formerly known as providerId) is of great importance because it is the identifier for a resource. Be sure to check that you insert the value that you configured or will configure in shibboleth2.xml file of your Shibboleth Service Provider if you haven't already.

**Warning:** Don't change the entityID unless you know exactly what you are doing. A change of this value as well as some other values must propagate to all Identity Provider first before it becomes active. The propagation time can be up to one day where your service may not be accessible from Identity Providers, which haven't yet downloaded the latest metadata file.

Relying Party: Depending in which relying party a resource is, it has to fetch the attributes from an identity provider or it receives the attributes directly via an authenticated user's web browser. For most cases, it is recommended to leave this with the default setting.

Validity: If your resource is only temporarily available or shall only become active sometime in the future, you can specify this in the resource validity section. A Resource only is mentioned in the metadata and ARP files if it is valid at the moment the metadata is generated.

Visibility: Un-checking the public checkbox will hide the Resource Description within the Resource Registry from non-RRA users and in public resource lists on the SWITCH web page. It also will affect the metadata and ARP generation in the sense that name and description of the resource won't be included in these files.

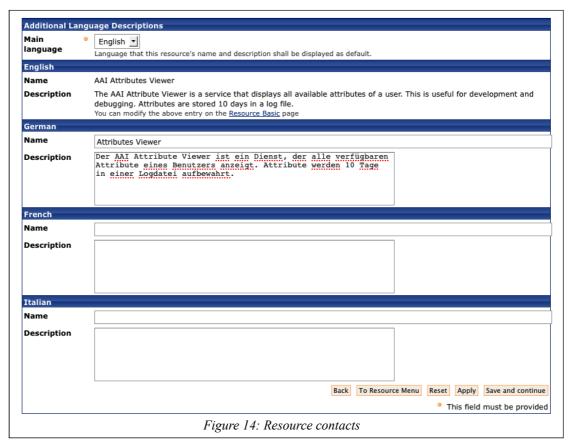
After the form was successfully submitted, one returns to the resource menu that contains all the configuration sections of the Resource Description. As you can see, additional options have now become available.



## **Additional Language Descriptions**

The multilingual language descriptions can be used to supply a name and a description for the Resource in multiple languages. These additional descriptions then will be shown on public resource listing web pages provided the visibility is marked public.

### **List of Contacts**



At least three contacts must be provided for every Resource: an administrative, a technical and a support contact. These then will be shown on the Resource Registry itself as well as on SWITCH's public resource list as well as in the federation metadata. As can be seen in Figure 14, more than three contacts could be provided if needed.

**Note:** Support and technical contact names and addresses should be non-personal if possible. It should also be taken into account that these addresses will show up not only in the federation metadata but also on the list of all SWITCHaai Home Organizations.

# **Keywords**

Adding keywords that describe the resource, allows searching for specific resources within the Resource Registry.

### **Service Locations**

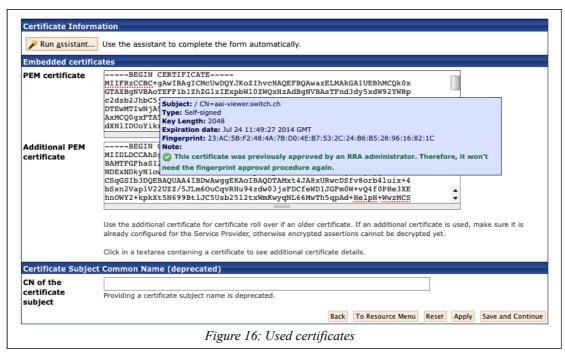
In this section, which is shown in Figure 15, you define the SAML endpoint URLs of the Service Provider. If you were using the wizard, this section probably already was completed for you. Otherwise, the easiest way to complete it is to use one of the assistants. If you plan to operate the resource using multiple host names, you should provide service locations for all host names protected by your Service Provider.

you run one of the above assisants and your S	Add Shibboleth 2.x service location(s)  Glear all fields  Service Provider serves multiple hostnames, provide the Shibboleth handler URLs separated with the server of the server
Assertion Consumer Service	30004, 5111220100111500
SAML1 browser-post binding	https://aai-viewer.switch.ch/Shibboleth.sso/SAML/POST
SAMEL Browser-post billumg	
	Binding URN: urn:oasis:names:tc:SAML:1.0:profiles:browser-post
SAML1 artifact-01 binding	https://aai-viewer.switch.ch/Shibboleth.sso/SAML/Artifact
	Binding URN: urn:oasis:names:tc:SAML:1.0:profiles:artifact-01
SAML2 HTTP-POST binding	https://aai-viewer.switch.ch/Shibboleth.sso/SAML2/POST
	Binding URN: urn:oasis:names:tc:SAML:2.0:bindings:HTTP-POST
Figur	re 15: Service location endpoint URLs

**Warning:** Changes in this section need to propagate first to all identity providers before they become active.

**Note:** Although you will see endpoint URLs for multiple SAML 2 Single Logout Services, this feature so far has only been implemented on the Service Provider side. However, in order for it to work as expected the Identity Provider first has to support this feature as well. Unfortunately, Single Logout is a problem that is very difficult to solve<sup>1</sup> for various reasons, which it hasn't been implemented yet as of Shibboleth 2.2.

#### **Used Certificates**



In this section one has to provide the X.509 PEM certificate, which is used by the Shibboleth Service Provider. Please have a look at the certificate requirements page which are linked on this page. As is shown in Figure 16, a second certificate can be added as a backup certificate for roll-over procedures. If have to renew a certificate, please also have a

<sup>1</sup> Also see <a href="https://spaces.internet2.edu/display/SHIB2/SLOIssues">https://spaces.internet2.edu/display/SHIB2/SLOIssues</a> for more detailed explanations

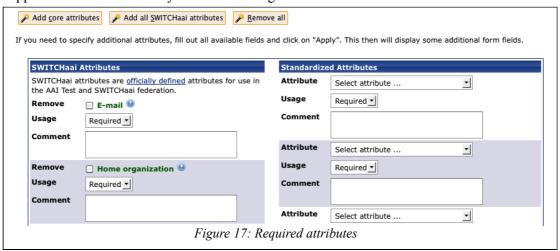
look at the certificate migration guide which is also linked. The order of the two certificates doesn't matter.

**Warning:** Changes in this section need to propagate first to all Identity Providers before they become active.

## **Required Attributes**

The Required attributes section is very important because it directly affects the Attribute Release Policies of all Identity Providers. As shown in Figure 17, one has to declare which attributes a Resource requires in order to work and which attributes are desired/nice to have. It is recommended to provide a short comment for all attributes why they are required or desired.

The attributes on the right-hand side of the page are local attribute, that are not officially supported but can be used by some Home Organizations for internal or bilateral use.



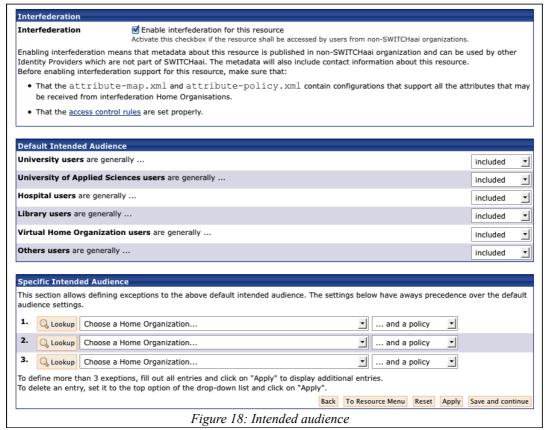
**Note:** Please keep in mind that the Swiss data protection law states that only absolutely necessary user information shall be requested and processed. This implies that you should declare only attributes as 'required' that are essential for the proper functioning of a Resource.

### **Intended Audience**

The last section of a Resource Description configures the intended audience settings of the Resource. Assume your Resource is an e-learning tool for medical students. In that case it makes no sense to allow users from a university not offering medical studies to access it. On the other hand, you may want that SWITCH staff members can access the Resource for debugging or development purposes. So, one probably would protect a Resource in the web server's configuration with access control rules like:

```
AuthType shibboleth
ShibRequireSession On
ShibExportAssertion On
require homeOrganizationType university hospital
require homeOrganization switch.ch
```

Therefore, one should declare the intended audience in the Resource Registry for this example as shown in Figure 18.



At the top of the page there might be a special section called "Interfederation". The interfederation checkbox is only visible if the organization as a whole was enabled for interfederation. Please contact <a href="mailto:aai@switch.ch">aai@switch.ch</a> for further information about interfederation support and how to enable it.

This section as well as the "Required Attributes" sections have a direct influence on the ARP and attribute filter files that are generated for each Home Organization. In the attribute filter files of a Home Organization only those Resources will appear which included this Home Organization to the intended audience.

**Note:** Be accurate but not too restrictive when declaring filling out this form because the settings on this page also will affect the Attribute Release Policy of the Identity Providers.

# **Submit Resource Description for Approval**

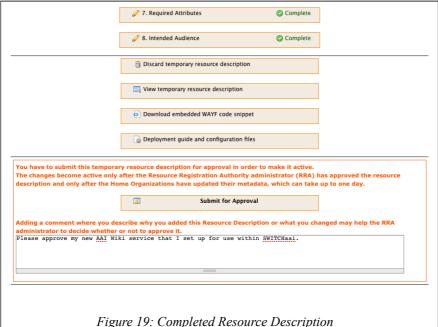
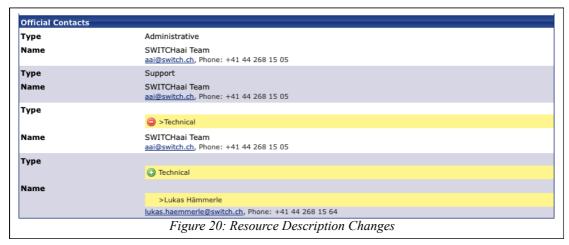


Figure 19: Completed Resource Description

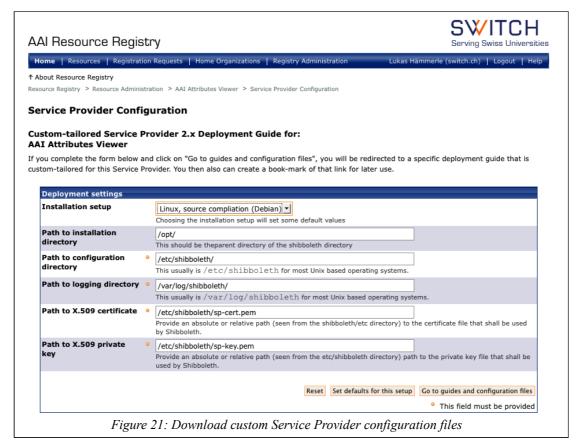
Finally, if all sections were completed, the Resource Description has to be submitted and approved before it becomes active. One of the Resource Registration Authority (RRA) administrators for your Home Organization has to examine and approve it. He will check whether you are eligible to register a Resource Description in the name of your organization, whether the service URLs you provided are within your organisation's domain, whether the attribute requirements comply with the AAI Policies and the Swiss data protection law, etc.

There is also a button to discard the temporary Resource Description, which will delete all changes that were made to an already approved Resource Description or will completely delete a not yet approved Resource Description.



Clicking on the 'View complete temporary resource description' button will show all changes (highlighted in yellow) that were applied to the last approved version, as shown in Figure 20

Using information available in the Resource Description, one also can download custom-tailored configuration files to configure Shibboleth 2.x Service Providers. This is depicted in Figure 21. Selecting the setup that was used to install the Service Provider and providing the paths to certificate/key pair, one is redirected to the corresponding deployment guide where all needed configuration files can be directly downloaded.



If one clicks on the 'Submit for Approval' button, an e-Mail is sent to all RRA administrators with the request to approve the Resource Description. It is recommended to add a comment in the text field for the RRA administrator, e.g. to describe what this Resource is used for or what and why something was changed. This is very useful for the RRA administrator in order to decide whether the changes are justified or not.

After a Resource has been approved, it is included in the official federation metadata at the full hour or earlier. It also will be included in the attribute release policy/filter files of the Identity Providers. Furthermore, you also become the initial administrator of the Resource Description together with any additional users you invited via email during completin of the Basic Resource Information section. The role of a Resource Administrator can be transferred also to other users later on.

### **Duties as a Resource Administrator**

It is essential for the stability of a service that Resource Descriptions are as up-to-date as possible. Therefore, a Resource administrator should update the Resource Description as soon as a technical property has changed. E.g. this could for instance be adding an additional service location/host name or adding an additional rollover certificate or adding/removing requested attributes.

**Note:** Keep in mind that there is a propagation delay for changes applied to a Resource Description. First due to the required approval of the RRA administrator and second due to the delay for metadata refresh at the Home Organizations. The official metadata published by SWITCH is updated at least every full hour if something changed. The Identity Provider should update metadata at least once a day, most will update hourly.

**Warning:** Replacing or modifying certain Resource Description properties like certificates or service locations has to be done very carefully because these changes will take some time

to propagate to all Identity Providers. The propagation via the metadata may take up to one day during which your Resource may not be available because some Identity Providers may still use metadata with old properties while other Identity Providers are already using the new properties. If in doubt about a property you want to change, please send an email to aai@switch.ch for assistance.

## 4.2. Home Organization Administrator

When an organization decides to join the SWITCHaai or the AAI Test Federation, it has to set up an Identity Provider on the technical side and it has – in the case of SWITCHaai - to sign the SWITCHaai Service Agreement. When these two steps have been completed, the new Home Organization has to be registered with the Resource Registry. In order to do so, a Home Organization administrator has to provide the necessary (technical) information that resources require to communicate with that Home Organization.

## **Bootstrapping a Home Organization Registration.**

After setting up of the new Identity Provider, has to go to <a href="https://rr.aai.switch.ch/">https://rr.aai.switch.ch/</a>. On the first page, you will find a link that guides you to the Home Organization Bootstrapping form.

If your newly set up Identity Provider is not yet registered for any of the above federations, you won't be able to log in yet. In this case, please complete the Home Organization Bootstrap form. You then will be granted access to the Resource Registry after we reconfigured it.

Should you have problems accessing the Resource Registry or have any question, please contact the AAI team by phone on +41 (0)44 268 15 05 or email asi@ewitch.ch

Figure 22: Bootstrapping procedure

On the following page some basic technical details about the Home Organization have to be provided.

General Inform	atio	on					
Home Organization Name	0	example.org  Usually the second of your organization, e.g. 'switch.ch', 'uzh.ch', 'zhwin.ch' or the fully qualified domain name of the host serving as Identity Provider, e.g. 'test-idp.switch.ch', 'caesar.ethz.ch'.					
Federation	0	AAI Test Federation 🔻					
Technical Infor	Technical Information						
entityID	0	https://idp.example.org/idp/shibboleth					
		Use a URL like https:// <service-hostname>/idp/shibboleth. This URL does not have yet to resolve to a web page but it should later be possible to place an XML file at this location.</service-hostname>					
are many ser 1. This is the	vice rea	is becoming the standard for many federated identity management systems around the world, there still is that can only interoperate with SAML 1. Therefore, it still is mandatory for SWITCHaai to support SAML son why this initial setup still requires SAML 1 endpoints to be provided. After the Identity Provider is ML 2 endpoints can be defined too.					
URL of SAML 1	0	https://idp.example.org/idp/profile/Shibboleth/SSO					
Single Sign-on Handler		Location of the Shibboleth SSO-Handler. For Shibboleth 2.x this URL typically is of the form https://idp.example.ch/idp/profile/Shibboleth/SSO					
Identity Provider Certificate	9	The PEM encoded X.509 certificate that is used by the Identity Provider to sign assertions. The certificate must meet the SWITCHaai certificate requirements					
URL of SAML 1	0	https://idp.example.org:8443/idp/profile/SAML1/SOAP/AttributeQuery					
Attribute Authority		In Shibboleth 2.x the location of the SAML 1.1 Attribute Authority typically is of the form https://idp-aa.example.org/idp/profile/SAML1/SOAP/AttributeQuery or https://idp.example.org:8443/idp/profile/SAML1/SOAP/AttributeQuery					
Attribute Authority certificate	9						
		The PEM encoded X.509 certificate that is used by the web server of the Attribute Authority host.					
Contact							
Given name	0						
Surname	0						
E-Mail	0						
		In case we have questions regarding information you provided.					
		Reset Submit and wait for approval					
		This field must be provided					
		Figure 23: Bootstrapping registration form					

Fill in the required information and click on the submit button afterwards.

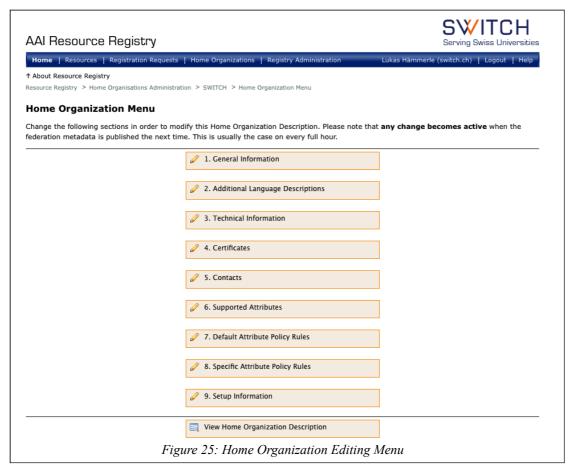
**Note:** For now, one can register an Identity Providers only with SAML 1 endpoints for this bootstrapping process. After the Home Organization was approved by SWITCH, the Home Organization administrator can then also complete the description with SAML 2 endpoints.



After submission of the bootstrapping form, SWITCH will then examine the data and approve or reject the new Home Organization within a few business days. In either case, you will receive a notification email with further instructions. After the Home Organization has been approved, one is able to access the Resource Registry with an account of the approved Identity Provider.

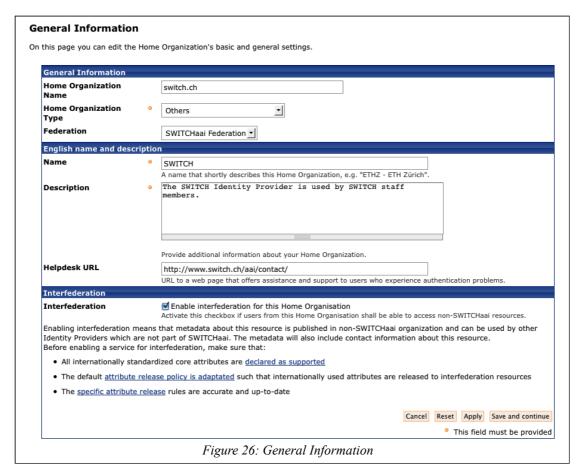
The first time a user logs in as user from an newly approved Home Organization he receives not only Home Organization rights as shown in Figure 24 but also Resource Registration Authority administration rights, described in the following Chapter.

It is recommended to edit the Home Organization description after the first login because the data provided during the bootstrapping procedure is far from complete. Edit the Home Organization Description by clicking the link "Edit Home Organization Description" on top of the page. The resulting page will look like in Figure 25. There, one will have to edit several sections in order to define various aspects of a Home Organization.



#### **General Information**

In the General Information section one first defines the very basic settings of a Home Organization like its name, its Federation, an description and a help desk web page like shown in Figure 26. The name and descriptions must be provided in English. Alternative version in other languages can be provided in the next section.



All settings in the section "General Information" are either of organizational or descriptive nature and are not technical in any way. Therefore, they could be changed without affecting the operation of an Identity Provider.

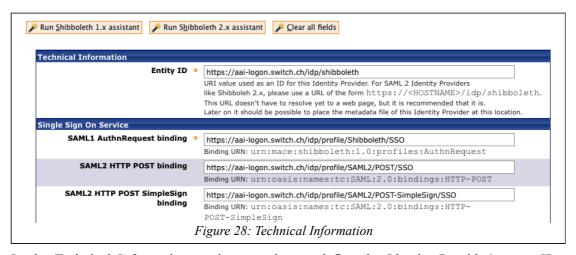
The interfederation checkbox is only visible if the organization as a whole was enabled for interfederation. Please contact <a href="mailto:aai@switch.ch">aai@switch.ch</a> for further information about interfederation support and how to enable it.

# **Additional Language Description**

On this page one can add name and description of a Home Organisation in other languages than English. The main language for a Home Organization is the default language that will generally be used to display the name and description of a Home Organisation.

Main language	e English ▼  Language that this resource's name and description shall be displayed as default.
English	
Name	SWITCH
Description	The SWITCH Identity Provider is used by SWITCH staff members.  You can modify the above entry on the <u>Home General Information</u> page
German	
Name	
Description	
French	
Name	
Description	
Italian	
Name	
Description	
	Back Reset Apply Save and continue
	This field must be provide:

### **Technical Information**



In the Technical Information section, one has to define the Identity Provider's *entityID*, which is an ID following a special naming convention. The convention for the format of the *entityID* is to use a URL. More precisely, the URL should consist of 'https:// followed by the host name and the suffix '/idp/shibboleth', similar to the ID of Service Providers. This then look.s for example like 'https://some-organization.ch/idp/shibboleth'.

**Note:** It is highly recommended that the host name used in the entityID matches the hostname of the Identity Provider.

In order to set the the Identity Provider's endpoints, you may use one of the available

assistants in order to complete the URLs. The assistant then will use the root URL of the web application you provide to generate the default service locations for the given bindings as shown in Figure 28.

**Note:** Be sure that you are using either another port number (port 8443 is recommended) or a separate host name with it's own IP address for the endpoints for the Attribute Service. This is essential because on the Attribute Service endpoints, X.509 client authentication has to be enabled while it shouldn't be enabled for the other endpoints. X.509 client authentication can only be reliably and securely enabled on a separate IP or port.

Warning: Modifications of any properties in the Technical Information section have to be performed very carefully because these changes will take some time to propagate to all Service Providers. The propagation delay normally is between one and two hours for Resources that are configured according to the SWITCHaai deployment guides. If in doubt about a property you want to change, please send an email to <a href="mailto:aai@switch.ch">aai@switch.ch</a> for assistance.

#### **Used Certificates**

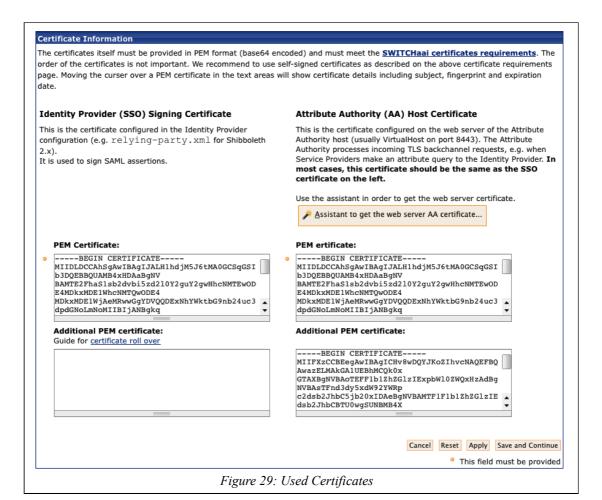
In the Used Certificates sections the certificates used by Shibboleth and the web server have to be provided in PEM format. One can use the assistant in order to complete the form. The additional certificates can be used for certificate roll-over or for emergency fallback certificate.

In order to replace a certificate without any service disruptions, one has to make sure that the new certificate has been included in the federation metadata for at least one day before it can be used. Please refer to the Service Provider deployment guides at <a href="http://www.switch.ch/aai/support/identityproviders/">http://www.switch.ch/aai/support/identityproviders/</a> on how to carry out the certificate rollover.

Using an additional certificate as emergency fallback certificate could be useful if a server was compromised and if to compromised main certificate has to be replaced quickly. In such a case one would just replace the certificates used by the web server and by Shibboleth with the fallback certificate.

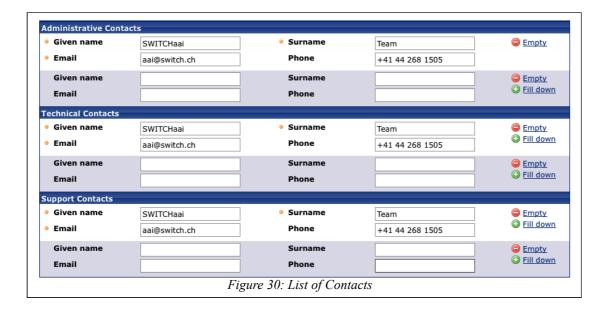
**Note:** If you want to use the additional certificate as an emergency fallback certificate, make sure to add them in the Resource Registry for your Home Organization Description but don't actually store the private keys on the Identity Provider's host. Keep them in a safe location so that you can be sure they cannot be compromised as well in case your Identity Provider server should be compromised.

The Resource Registry will not expire certificates automatically if they have expired. Before the expiration date, several notification emails are being sent to the technical contact address of a concerned Home Organization.



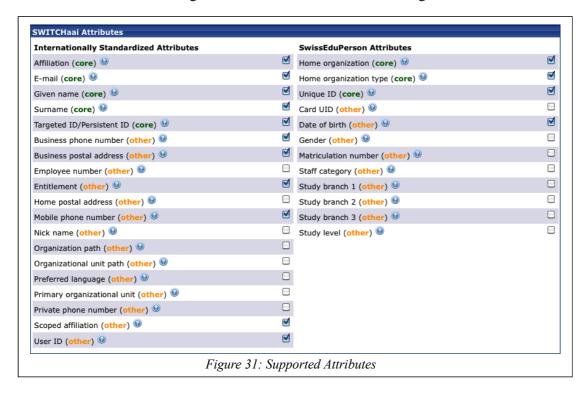
### **List of Contacts**

There should be at least one technical contact for each Home Organization. Although it is not mandatory to provide also support and administrative contacts, it is recommended to do so. All contacts should be non-personal if possible. One also should be aware that these addresses will show up not only in the federation metadata but also on the list of all SWITCHaai Home Organizations.



## **Supported Attributes**

The Supported Attributes section's purpose is to declare the attributes an Identity Provider can release. As depicted in Figure 31, on the left-hand side, one has to check the official SWITCHaai attributes that can be released by the Identity Provider. On the right-hand side, there are the local/bilateral attributes that are either used solely within the same organization or within a small subset of organizations on the basis of a bilateral agreement.



According to the AAI Attribute Specification (see <a href="http://www.switch.ch/aai/attributes">http://www.switch.ch/aai/attributes</a>) your Identity Provider must be able to release at least the green core attributes in the SWITCHaai

section. Checked attributes will only be released if needed and generally only a subset of these attributes will be released to a resource depending of the resource's requirements.

If the interfederation option is enabled for a Home Organisation, additional attributes should be supported in order to be interoperable with entities from other federations, in particular the core attributes in the section "Internationally Standardized Attributes".

## **Default Attribute Release Policy**

In the Default Attribute Release Policy a Home Organization administrator defines the general behavior regarding the release of attributes that will be reflected in the generated attribute-filter.xml files. A Home Organisation administrator defines the release scope of an 'required' and 'desired' attributes as shown in Figure 30.

The release scopes are:

#### **Nobody:**

Attribute will not be released in general. This option is useful in case the release of an attribute is controlled only via specific attribute release rules mentioned below.

#### Resources of my organization:

Releases the attribute only to Resources which were registered by the same Home Organisation. This excludes all Federation Partner Resources.

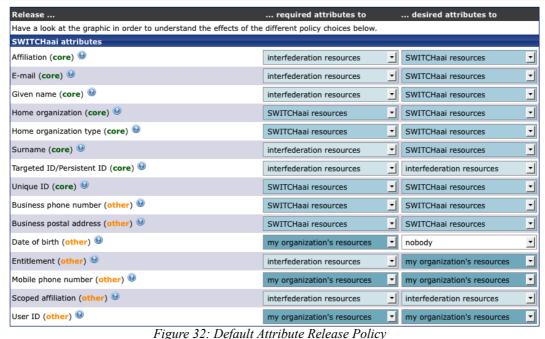
#### **Local Federation Resources:**

Releases the attribute by default to the Resources of all the same federation as this Home Organisation Description.

#### **Interfederated Resources:**

Releases the attribute to all Resources in general, even such from other federations. This option is only available if interfederation support is enabled for this Home Organisation.

**Note:** Only those attributes are shown which can be released by the Identity Provider. If you add an additional attribute in the Supported Attributes section, you should also define a general attribute release policy rule for this attribute. Otherwise, the default rule (release required attributes, don't release desired attributes) will be used.



## Specific Attribute Release Policy

While one could define a very general attribute release policy in the previous section, the Specific Attribute Release Policy section allows defining very fine-grained rules for the attribute relase. As is shown in Figure 33, one can create custom-tailored rules for each Resource. Either a whole Resource can be excluded completely from the attribute filter or one can set individual exceptions to the default rule for specific attributes.

Excluding a Resource from the attribute-filter.xml file is useful if an Identity Provider administrator wants also to create a very custom-tailored rule for this Resource and therefore doesn't want it to include in the filter generated by the Resource Registry. Such rules can include advanced PolicyRequirementRules, which can base the release decision on a huge variety of criteria.

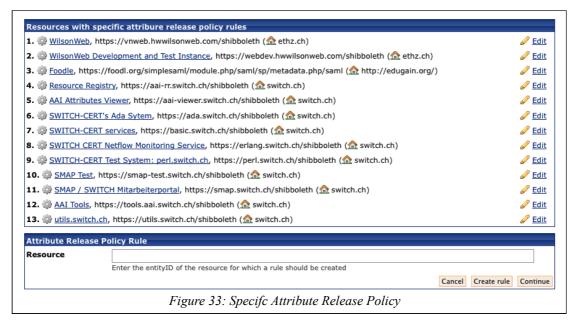
Warning: Be careful not to break services for your users because you exclude them from the attribute filter or because you exclude certain attributes that are required by the resource.

Note: The specific attribute policy rules can only be used with Shibboleth 2.x Identity Providers and only if these Identity Providers load their attribute-filter.xml file directly from the Resource Registry.

# Home Organization Setup & Environment

The last Home Organization section is the 'Setup & Environment Information' section, which is shown in Figure 34. It is purely informational and solely serves the SWITCHaai team as well as other Home Organization administrators to examine how different Identity Providers are set up. This allows comparing similar setups in case of problems or intended setup changes.

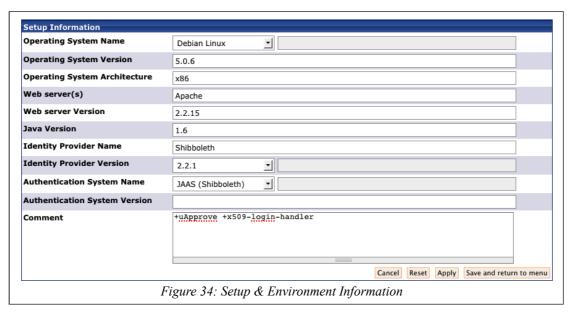
The Resource Registry polls all Service and Identity Providers every day in order to update some of the setup and environment information. This is however only possible if they were deployed according to the SWITCHaai/AAI Test deployment guides, which include configuration files that allow the Resource Registry to access the status handlers.



## **Duties as Home Organization Administrator**

Since the metadata generated by the Resource Registry heavily relies on the descriptions of Resources and Home Organizations, it is strongly recommended to keep them as up to-date as possible. Otherwise, problems may occur because third parties interacting with your Identity Provider may have outdated information. This means:

• If you change your Identity Provider DNS host names, modify its certificates, provide additional attributes for your users, please update the Home Organization Description.



However, if you do so, please consult <u>aai@switch.ch</u> beforehand because certain changes could cause service disruptions if not planned and carried out carefully.

• Regularly update the metadata of your Identity Provider. It is recommended to update metadata more frequently because the file only will be downloaded if it changed.

**Note:** There will be a propagation delay of at least one hour for certain changes applied to the Home Organisation. In order to become active, a change in metadata first has to be

downloaded by a Service Provider.

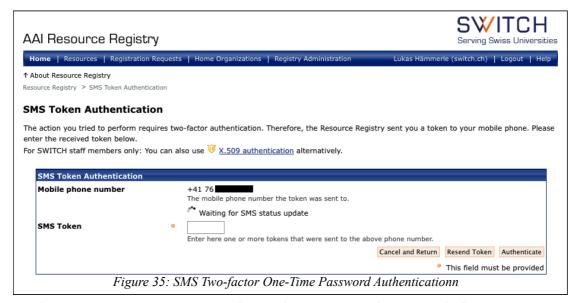
• Regularly inspect the attribute release policy mails that are sent to the technical contact address of a Home Organisation. In case you see a Resource that requests too many attributes, create an exception in the specific attribute release policy for this Resource.

## 4.3. Resource Registration Authority Administrator

For policy reasons every Home Organization needs at least one Resource Registration Authority (RRA) administrator, whose task is to approve Resource Descriptions. This includes the approval or rejection of Resource Descriptions. An RRA administrator basically should ensure that all Resources operated within his Home Organization are in compliance with the SWITCHaai Service Agreement (see <a href="http://www.switch.ch/aai/agreement/">http://www.switch.ch/aai/agreement/</a>).

Home Organizations can decide to enforce stricter approval procedures requiring the requesting user and approving user to use different accounts. This feature is called 'four-eyes approval' and can be activated on request for a Home Organisation.

In addition the Resource Registry supports a mode where certain actions for specific Home Organisations require two-factor authentication. Whereas the first factor is the standard AAI authentication, the second factor is implemented directly on the Resource Registry by a SMS one-time password, which is sent to a user's mobile phone. Thus, in order for this optional feature to work a Home Organisation must be able to provide a user's mobile phone number as attribute or manually via email. This then looks like in Figure 35.



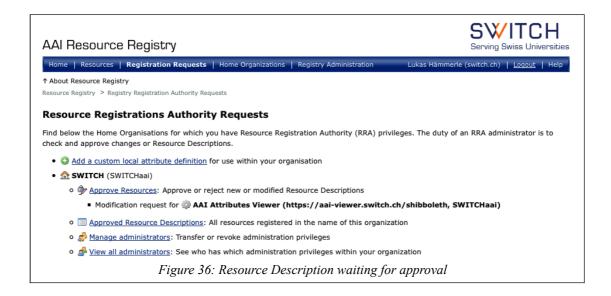
## **Duties as a Resource Registration Authority Administrator**

In particular the following requirements have to be checked carefully:

- The person that created or modified a Resource Description is allowed to operate an AAI Resource in the name of your Home Organization.
- Every Resource has at least one valid contact person for administrative, technical and support inquiries.
- The Resource declares only as many attribute as required as are needed for its proper functioning and complies with the Swiss data privacy law.
- The Resource's end point URLs (service locations) point to eligible host names that are affiliated with the Home Organization.
- If any self-signed certificates are used, the RRA has to proof that the person that
  presumably registered the Resource Description is in possession of the certificate's
  private key.

In order to examine these details, an RRA administrator should inspect a Resource Description befor approving it. The Resource Registry will in some situations display warning messages when some of the above points should be checked in particular.

Every time a Resource Description is submitted for approval, all RRA administrators of the Home Organization the Resource was submitted for will receive a notification e-Mail. An RRA administrator will see the Resource Descriptions that still need approval on the Resource Registration Authority page as shown in Figure 36.



Clicking the "Approve Resources" link then leads to a page like in Figure 37.

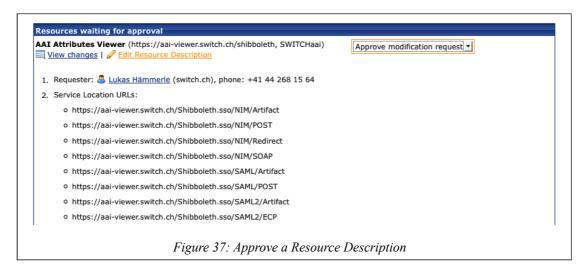


Figure 37 shows a single Resource Description to approve or reject. Clicking on 'View changes' an RRA administrator can inspect the difference between the currently active and the new Resource Description.

Together with the approval or rejection notification email a comment can be sent to the user who requested the modification of the Resource Description.

### 5. Miscellaneous

This chapter contains various topics that weren't mentioned above but that nevertheless deserve some attention.

# 5.1.Data Usage

Data stored in the Resource Registry is not only used for the management of the SWITCH federations but it is also used to serve as information source to end users. In particular, the

following web pages directly access the SWITCH Resource Registry database:

- http://www.switch.ch/aai/help
- <a href="http://www.switch.ch/aai/participants/allresources.html">http://www.switch.ch/aai/participants/allresources.html</a>
- <a href="http://www.switch.ch/aai/participants/allhomeorgs.html">http://www.switch.ch/aai/participants/allhomeorgs.html</a>
- http://www.switch.ch/aai/support/serviceproviders/sp-compose-login-url.html

If a Resource Description is changed, this is reflected on the above web pages as soon as the change gets approved. Changes of Home Organisation Descriptions become effective immediately.

## 5.2. Facts about the Resource Registry

The Resource Registry is programmed in PHP5. It requires the PEAR QuickForm libraries as well as a MySQL database. For X.509 related functions openssl has to be installed.

All development work has been done by SWITCH. The code is developed under a BSD-like license and can be requested by sending an email to <a href="mailto:aai@switch.ch">aai@switch.ch</a>. However, the code was custom-tailored to the needs of SWITCH and it never was meant to be a generic federation registry tool.