

1 RFC

2 **Requirement Sum-**
3 **mary for Group Man-**
4 **agement System**

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Document type:	RFC
Version:	V1.2
Created on:	01.02.2026
Last updated:	27.03.2026
Classification:	Public

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10 **Versions**

Version	Author	Main updates	Date
V1.0	RB	Initial public version	9.2.26
V1.1	RB	Minor corrections/typos	12.2.26
V1.2	RB	Included feedback from RFC process	27.3.26

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28 Introduction

29 The attribute-based access model is used to control access to a service by persons with an edu-ID
 30 account. After a person has authenticated themselves for a service via edu-ID, the IdP provides a
 31 set of attributes that the service can evaluate for access control. With the current attribute model,
 32 global or general access rules such as 'students at a university of applied sciences', 'employees at
 33 University A', etc. can generally be implemented well. More finely defined access rules, especially
 34 those involving individuals from different universities, are difficult to implement with the current
 35 model because often they don't share a common attribute.

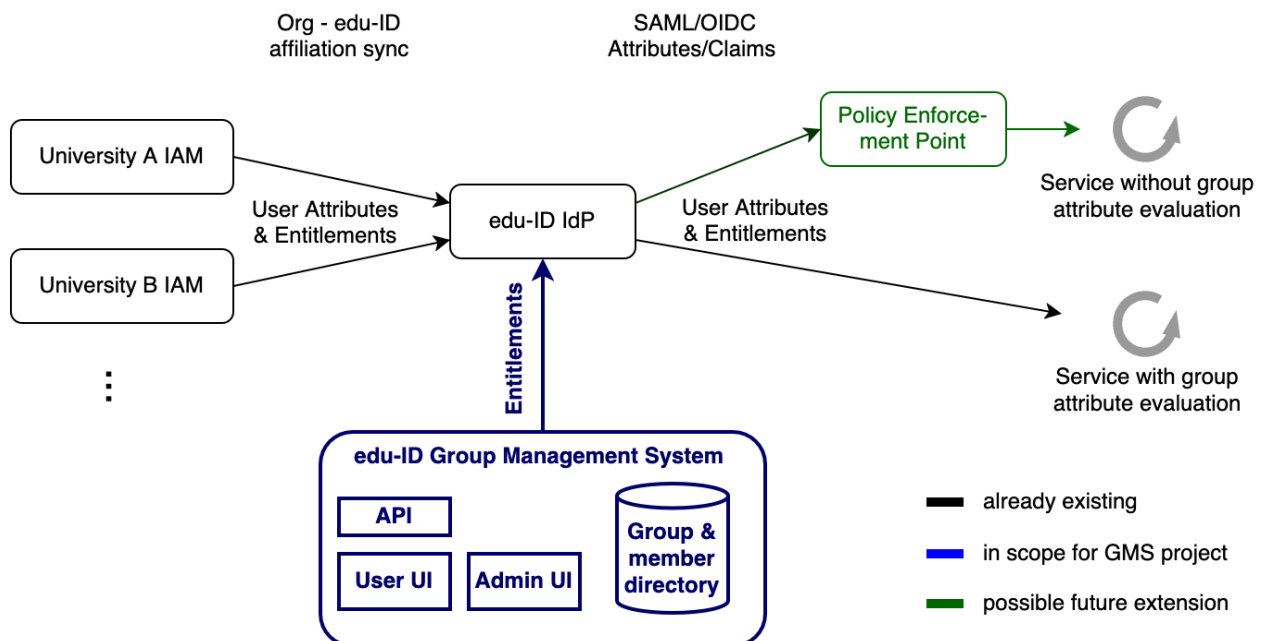
36 This document is not a specification. It summarizes a number of concrete use cases for group man-
 37 agement at universities. Requirements and a high-level architecture are derived from these use
 38 cases.

39 The purpose of the Switch edu-ID Group Management System (GMS) is to enable flexible manage-
 40 ment of access authorisations for individuals. An individual is granted access to a service or a spe-
 41 cific authorisation within the service by being added to a corresponding group. Group membership is
 42 represented as an attribute in the edu-ID identity by the IdP. A service evaluates the attribute and
 43 grants the corresponding authorisation.

44 The GMS proposed for edu-ID includes the following functions:

- 45 • Flexible, dynamic formation of groups
- 46 • Flexible assignment of individuals to groups, regardless of their organisational affiliation
- 47 • Manual management of group memberships via web GUI
- 48 • Automatic/programmatic management of group memberships via API

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51 In the proposed model, a service must be able to evaluate the group attributes of an authenticated
 52 person. For services that cannot evaluate attributes for access management, a policy enforcement

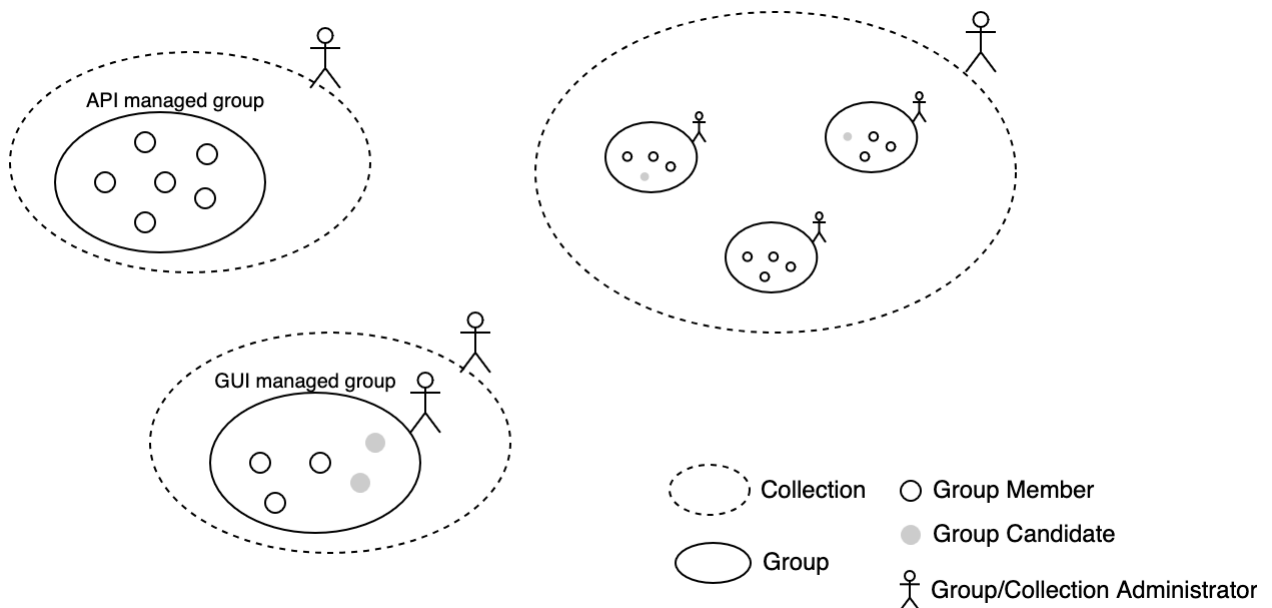
53 point (PEP) could be provided as a future extension. This allows access rules to be defined outside
 54 the service. The PEP is not part of the current GMS project.

55 A new GMS for edu-ID should fully replace the following legacy services: AAI virtual home organisa-
 56 tions (VHO), edu-ID shared attributes API and AAI group management tool.

57 **GMS Data Model**

58 The GMS allows for the flexible creation, updating and removal of groups. For efficient manage-
 59 ment, groups can be combined into collections and administered collectively. People can be added
 60 to groups in various ways, either manually or via API. If a person's edu-ID identity is known (by
 61 means of a unique identifier like unique-ID or email address), they can be added to a group directly.
 62 If the invited person does not yet have an edu-ID account or their edu-ID account identifier is un-
 63 known, they are added as a group candidate. Once the account has been created and the group in-
 64 vitation has been linked to the personal edu-ID account, they become a regular group member.

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67 **Components**

Component	Description	Properties	Associations
Group	<p>A group is an object that contains an arbitrary number of (group) members. A group is always part of a collection.</p> <p>A group can be managed via GUI and via API.</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Group Identifier Group name 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> collection reference list of group administrators list of group members

Candidate	A group candidate is a user that is not yet linked to an edu-ID identity. The linking process with an edu-id identity has not yet been completed.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> invitation email address linking code First name, last name membership expiration date 	
Member	<p>A group member is a user that is associated to a group, and refers to an existing edu-ID identity. Such identities have group membership permissions.</p> <p>As a result of membership, the identity receives one or more group attributes (Entitlement, isMemberOf) of the corresponding group and collection in the personal edu-ID identity.</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> edu-ID identifier First name, last name membership expiration date 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> list of groups with membership membership expiration dates
Collection	A collection contains an arbitrary number of groups. The purpose of a collection is the uniform administration of logically or administratively related groups.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Collection Identifier Collection name API credentials Associations 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> list of groups the collection contains list of collection administrators
Group Administrator	A group administrator is a user that is associated to a group, and refers to an existing edu-ID identity. Such identities have group administrator permissions.		
Collection Administrator	A group administrator is a user that is associated to a collection, and refers to an existing edu-ID identity. Such identities have collection administrator permissions.		
Superadmin	These are edu-ID identities with superadmin permissions		
Web GUI	A graphical web user interface for all group management system users		
API	An API to manage groups and group members.		

68 **Requirements**

69 **Collections**

#	Requirement	Description
REC-001	collection creation	A collection can be created by the Superadmin. It is then delegated to a collection administrator
REC-002	collection update	A collection can be further managed by the collection administrator

70 **Group lifecycle**

#	Requirement	Description
REC-101	group creation by collection admin	Creation of a group by the collection admin in the Web GUI
REC-102	group modification by admin	Modification of a group in the Web GUI by the collection admin or the group admin
REC-103	group deletion by admin	
REC-104	group management via API	Creation/update/deletion of a group via SCIM API.

71 **Membership management via GUI**

#	Requirement	Description
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REC-201	Invitation by email	<p>A group candidate is invited to be a group member. The user is identified by email address, first name and last name. Optionally, a membership expiration date is set.</p> <p>The GMS checks if an edu-ID account with that email address exists</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. edu-ID account exists: <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. the user is directly added as member to the group 2. the user is notified by email, that they were added as a group member 2. The invitation email address can't be found in an existing edu-ID account <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. the user is added as candidate to the group 2. the user is notified by email, that an edu-ID account containing the email address is required to become a member. The user should either create an account or add the email address to an existing account. 3. as soon as the account was created by the user, they are added to the group as member. A confirmation of the membership is sent by email.
REC-202	Bulk invitation by email	A list of candidates (CSV text file) can be uploaded to add a large number of candidates at once.
REC-203	Customizable email texts	Email texts for invitations, group additions, group removal are customizable.
REC-204	Reminder for candidates	In a group, the membership status is shown. Candidates can be reminded by email to do the necessary to be added a group members.
REC-205	Candidate/member removal	<p>A candidate or member can be removed from the group</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • by the group administrator • by the member herself • automatically when the account expiration is reached
REC-206	Bulk removal by email	A list of candidates/members can be removed at once by uploading a list of email addresses.
REC-207	Membership status overview	<p>A group manager can visualize the members and candidates of a group in a web application. They can trigger actions like removal, expiration date extension, reminder sending.</p> <p>The web application is easy to be used by non-technical staff.</p>

72 Membership management via API

#	Requirement	Description
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REC-301	Membership management via API	Group Members can be fully managed via API: list/add/remove member
REC-302	Identificator	Members are identified by their swissEduID, by the eduPersonUniqueID identifier, or be one of the email addresses of the private identity. Any of these identifiers can be used alternately.
REC-303	SCIM 2.0 standard compliant	Basic membership functions can be performed via standard SCIM 2.0 API.

73 Membership features

#	Requirement	Description
REC-401	Group entitlement	For each group membership, an entitlement value is set in the private identity of a user in the attribute eduPersonEntitlement. The entitlement value contains the group identifier and the collection identifier. Example: <a href="https://eduid.ch/gms/<collection-ID>/<group-ID>">https://eduid.ch/gms/<collection-ID>/<group-ID>
REC-402	Custom entitlement	The group administrator can set additional, custom entitlement values for a group. Measures must be taken to ensure that a group administrator cannot improperly appropriate entitlement values belonging to other groups or organizations.
REC-403	Release restrictions for entitlements	Allow service specific filtering of entitlement values of a user, so that a service only gets relevant entitlements. Possibility to specify filters like "group X emits entitlement Y to service Z"
(REC-405)	Aggregate entitlements across affiliations	Aggregate entitlements from affiliations with the entitlements in the personal identity. Aggregate entitlements from the personal identity with affiliation entitlements. (PEP use case?)

74 General

#	Requirement	Description
REC-501	Migration Path for "shared attributes API" groups	Provide an automated way to migrate a shared attributes group to a GMS group.

75 Use cases

76 Use cases for the group management system (GMS)

77 **UniBE further education**

78 **Description:**

- 79 • Further education students need access to the UniBE course platform Ilias. These students
80 are not onboarded as regular UniBE members and they have no UniBE affiliation.
- 81 • Registration of further education students: the registration office registers students. Before
82 the course starts, the course manager registers the participating students in the course.

83 **Stakeholders:**

- 84 • registration office
- 85 • further education administrator (for a domain of courses or for all courses)
- 86 • course manager (for one course)
- 87 • member (further education student)

88 **Requirements:**

- 89 • Groups are created by the further education administrator.
- 90 • Groups are mapped to Ilias resources using the entitlement attribute.
- 91 • The further education administrator delegates the membership management to course man-
92 agers.
- 93 • Course managers manage the members of a group
 - 94 ○ add members by uploading member lists
 - 95 ○ add individual members
 - 96 ○ remove members by uploading a list
 - 97 ○ remove individual members
- 98 • Identification
 - 99 ○ members are identified by their email address
 - 100 ○ the course manager is informed about email addresses that cannot be matched to
101 an edu-ID account
 - 102 ○ it should be possible to match an email address if
- 103 • List group members
 - 104 ○ first name, last name, email address, matching edu-ID found (y/n), uniqueID, crea-
105 tion date, expiration date, custom field
- 106 • Automatic expiration
 - 107 ○ When adding group members an expiration date can optionally be set by the course
108 manager
 - 109 ○ The course manager gets a notification before memberships expire
 - 110 ○ The course manager can optionally extend the expiration date
- 111 • Mailing functions
 - 112 ○ send emails to members

113 **DeepL SSO**

114 **Description:**

- 115 • Universities acquire usage licenses for DeepL translate and DeepL write from Switch Pro-
116 curement. The licenses are expensive and usually assigned to selected university members.
- 117 • Option 1 - maintain current registration process
 - 118 ○ License administrator at university sends list of university members (names and
119 email addresses) who are allowed to use DeepL to PROC
 - 120 ○ PROC maintains an Excel sheet with all entitled users

- 121 ○ PROC can easily 1-way-sync the Excel sheet to the GMS. This is done with an up-
- 122 load script that syncs entitlements via API to the GMS by adding or removing users
- 123 from group.
- 124 ● Option 2 - delegated group management
- 125 ○ PROC creates an empty group per organisation
- 126 ○ The membership management is delegated to the license administrator at the or-
- 127 ganisation.
- 128 ● Option 3 - access management by organisation IAM
- 129 ○ Organisations manage their member using their own tools (IAM processes, internal
- 130 service "shops", ...)
- 131 ● PROC is billing the service to participating organisations according to the usage of DeepL
- 132 by the users.

133 **Stakeholders:**

- 134 ● Switch PROC Staff members
- 135 ● License administrators (at university)
- 136 ● Users (university members who access DeepL service via edu-ID SSO)

137 **Requirements:**

- 138 ● Groups are manually created created by PROC.
- 139 ● (Option 1) The memberships are synced via an API. Users are identified by their email ad-
- 140 dress
- 141 ● (Option 2) The membership management is delegated to the license administrator at the or-
- 142 ganisation. Users are identified by their email address. The license administrators...
- 143 ○ add users by uploading member lists
- 144 ○ add individual users
- 145 ○ remove users by uploading a list
- 146 ○ remove individual users
- 147 ● (Option 3) The memberships are specified in the affiliation
- 148 ○ For authorised users, group membership is stored in the attribute Entitlement or
- 149 isMemberOf of the affiliation.
- 150 ● Users with group membership have an according entitlement in their private identity.
- 151 ● The DeepL service is configured so that only people with the entitlement get access.
- 152 ● Reporting: PROC gets access statistics for a definable period
- 153 ○ unique users from an organisation who accessed the service during a specific pe-
- 154 riod

155

156 **Access for private library customers via SLSkey**

157 **Description:**

- 158 ● Library patrons without university affiliation must go through special authorisation processes
- 159 ([details](#)). All these processes are implemented in SLSP Alma. The outcome of the pro-
- 160 cesses is if a library patron is allowed to use the licenses of a library or not.
- 161 ● Users who are allowed to use the license package of a library will receive a corresponding
- 162 label (group membership) in their personal edu-ID account . This allows them to directly ac-
- 163 cess a content provider. (Content providers need to evaluate the entitlement for access
- 164 management.)

165 **Stakeholders:**

- 166 • ExLibris Alma on which SLSKey permission processes are implemented
- 167 • Patrons (library customers without university affiliation)

168 **Requirements:**

- 169 • Users can be added and removed to groups via API
- 170 • SLSKey potentially manages a large number of groups (at least one per library). SLSKey
- 171 needs a simple procedure to add new groups and get the necessary API credentials.
- 172 • Each group has an associated entitlement value.
- 173 • Users in a group get the according entitlement value in their personal identity
- 174 • Users are identified by their private uniqueID

175

176 **Access to FHNW library for non affiliated school teachers**

177 **Description:**

- 178 • FHNW manages the access of school teachers of the cantons AG, BL, BS and SO to the
- 179 FHNW library.
- 180 • The user lifecycle of the school teachers is managed by FHNW ERP (Evento) and IAM
- 181 (Omada).

182 **Stakeholders, Components:**

- 183 • FHNW IAM (to manage access rights or school teachers)
- 184 • FHNW Library (as part of SLSP)
- 185 • school teachers

186 **Requirements:**

- 187 • FHNW synchronizes school teacher memberships to groups in the GMS via API
- 188 • There is one group per canton (AG, BL, BS and SO)
- 189 • For each group a dedicated entitlement is used.
- 190 • The API should be standard SCIM, using the group resource. The SCIM API for groups
- 191 should be coherent with the existing SCIM API for Affiliations, and SCIM API for Users. This
- 192 allows to use one single SCIM connector in the FHNW IAM for edu-ID to manage Users
- 193 (limited), Affiliations and Groups.
- 194 • To ensure a smooth migration path, the users are identified in the API by their swissEduID
- 195 identifier.

196 **Case UniGE**

197 **Requirements:**

- 198 • Scope of a given group based one mail (private)
- 199 • Web app for management of groups
- 200 • Could be created as sub-groups and access added to applications to given groups or
- 201 sub-groups.

- 202 • Closed off list of members added by manager
- 203 ○ Import system for a large amount of items
- 204 ○ Same import system for removal of access.
- 205 • Membership Validity
- 206 ○ Date to date
- 207 ○ Predefined amount of time (month,6months,1,2yearsetc.)
- 208 ○ Indefinite time
- 209 • User account suspension capability for managers
- 210 • Managers and such roles in admin system
- 211 • Password management for users
- 212 • Email notification (automated is necessary) with text template edition with variables
- 213 ○ for a affiliation addition
- 214 ○ account creation
- 215 ○ ~~password change~~ (not needed anymore)
- 216 ○ account suspension
- 217 • Review of: User rights, last access etc.
- 218 • Statistics: last usage of a group...

219 UNIGE is not responsible for the group. The manager oversees the people he chooses to add
 220 to the group and the group itself.

221

222 **Case ZHAW external affiliates**

223 **Description:**

- 224 • Access to ZHAW services must be made available to individuals who have an edu-ID ac-
 225 count, but no ZHAW account. This includes user groups like
- 226 ○ prospective students who are admitted to study but do not yet have a ZHAW ac-
 227 count
- 228 ○ Aptitude assessments i.e. for language studies on Moodle
- 229 ○ students who have left the university
- 230 ○ summer course students
- 231 ○ visiting lecturers
- 232 ○ visiting students
- 233 • The user lifecycle and permissions are managed by ZHAW (Evento) and the future IdM.

234 **Stakeholders, Components:**

- 235 • ZHAW Evento and IAM/IdM (to manage guests and their access rights)

236 **Requirements:**

- 237 • ZHAW synchronizes affiliate memberships to groups in the GMS via API
- 238 • There is at least one separate group per department for beginners, alumni and guests, lead-
 239 ing to a few dozen groups to be managed.
- 240 • For each group a dedicated entitlement value is used.
- 241 • To ensure a smooth integration path, the users are identified in the API by their eduPer-
 242 sonUniqueID identifier of the private identity.

243 **Cloud based research platform**

244 **Description:**

- 245 • On the research platform people are assigned to projects in different roles